

GGZ Gaming Zone Server/Game Server Protocol Specification

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by The GGZ Gaming Zone developers

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Module protocol specification for GGZ Gaming Zone game servers. This document covers the communication between the GGZ server and the game server modules.

Revision History

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Objectives

Game servers are started by the GGZ Gaming Zone server `ggzd` whenever a player launches a table. The game setup is passed to the game over a special connection, as are the scores and game results from the game server to `ggzd`. This protocol is called the Server/Game Server Protocol, and is available in a reference implementation named `libggzdmod`, written in the C programming language, and its wrappers for C++ and Python.

Objectives

Chapter 1. The Protocol

Communication between server and game server happens by means of binary tokens (opcodes), which are of type integer, followed by zero or more opcode-specific variables which can be of type integer, character, or string.

At each point in time, a game server happens to be in a specific state. Messages received from the server may lead to state changes, as may some explicit transitions being executed by the game server itself. A list of all states can be found in the appendix of states.

Several actions refer to seats on the table the game is being played on. Each seat can be either empty or have an assignment. A full list can be found in the appendix of seat assignments.

Interactions are presented here categorically. For a complete reference of game server/server interactions, please see the appendix.

Startup

The GGZ server `ggzd` and the game server communicate via a connection which gets established using `socketpair()`. The game server can then access the communication channel on a certain file descriptor. Usually this descriptor has the value 3, but if the environment variable `GGZSOCKET` is set, its value should be used instead. Likewise, the environment variable `GGZMODE` can be queried to see if the game server is running on GGZ at all.

The first message which will arrive is the `GAME_LAUNCH` message, used to configure the game based on the table information: how many players are going to participate, are there any reserved seats, and so on. The game server will then notify `ggzd` about it having the data received, and set its internal status from `CREATED` to `WAITING`.

Pregame phase

Now that the table is created, all the bots are going to join it automatically, but humans will join one after the other. Each of them triggers a `GAME_SEAT` message, consisting of the name, player type and, most important, the file descriptor to access the player's game client.

If the game server allows spectators to watch a game, they will be handled similarly, by triggering a `GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT` message. Since a game might allow a spectator to become a player and vice-versa, a special `GAME_RESEAT` message might appear at any time.

The abovementioned state change is done via the `GAME_STATE` request, sent by the game server to indicate that its internal state has changed. In response to a game server's `GAME_STATE` request, `ggzd` will always send a `GAME_STATE` response, with no further data attached. After the `PREGAME` phase, the state will most likely be changed to `PLAYING`.

Playing phase

It is a good idea to report the important game events to the outside. This can be done by letting the game server send a `LOG` message to `ggzd`, so that it gets recorded according to the server configuration. It might end up in a log file, in a debug console or nowhere at all.

Other than that, there's not too much happening between game server and `ggzd` in this phase of the game, for most communication will happen between game server

and game client. However, if a player leaves or another one wants to join and can't because a bot occupies the seat, the game server can request to change the seats on the table. To change the seat number, a NUM_SEATS request is sent. To boot a player, the BOOT request can be used. Finally, bots can be inserted and removed using the BOT and OPEN requests.

Done phase

A game is expected to change its state to DONE when the game is over. In most cases, a winner (or tie game) will be determined. The game results, including winner, score and the like, can be reported back to ggzd via the GAME_REPORT message. If a game log or savegame has been kept, the filename of it can be reported as well for further reference, using a SAVEGAME_REPORT message.

Appendix A. Protocol Reference

Messages from ggzd to game server

GAME_LAUNCH

Name

GAME_LAUNCH — Initializes the game with its seat data

Synopsis

GAME_LAUNCH ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	ControlToTable	GAME_LAUNCH
Game module description file name, without suffix	string	tictactoe
Number of seats at the table	integer	2
Number of spectators	integer	0
ENTRYTBL not supported.		

Description

Initialization of game server with table settings

Message Data

None

Usage

Sent on game startup to configure the game server according to the table configuration as performed by the client of the game host. The player name is only sent for seats of type GGZ_SEAT_RESERVED or GGZ_SEAT_BOT, and may be empty ("") for anonymous bots.

GAME_SEAT

Name

GAME_SEAT — Informs the game about seat change

Synopsis

GAME_SEAT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	ControlToTable	GAME_SEAT
Seat number	integer	0
Seat type	GGZSeatType	GGZ_SEAT_PLAYER
Player name	string	player42
ENTRYTBL not supported.		

Description

Informs the game about seat changes

Message Data

None

Usage

Whenever a player or bot player joins or leaves a table, this message is sent to the game server to notify it of the new seat assignment. The file descriptor is sent only if the seat type equals GGZ_SEAT_PLAYER.

GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT

Name

GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT — Informs the game about spectator seat change

Synopsis

GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	ControlToTable	GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT
Spectator seat number	integer	0
Spectator name	string	spectator28
ENTRYTBL not supported.		

Description

Informs the game about spectator seat change

Message Data

None

Usage

This message is generated whenever a spectator joins or leaves the table. The file descriptor is sent only if the spectator has joined and thus the spectator seat is occupied.

GAME_RESEAT**Name**

GAME_RESEAT — Notification of seat/spectator seat change

Synopsis

GAME_RESEAT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	ControlToTable	GAME_RESEAT
Number of old seat	int	1
Was old seat a spectator seat?	integer/boolean	1
Number of new seat	int	4
Is new seat a spectator seat?	integer/boolean	0

Description

Notification of seat/spectator seat change

Message Data

None

Usage

The STAND and SIT actions allow a player to become a spectator and vice-versa. Both actions will generate this message.

GAME_STATE

Name

GAME_STATE — State update

Synopsis

GAME_STATE ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	ControlToTable	GAME_STATE

Description

State update

Message Data

None

Usage

Acknowledgement of received GAME_STATE request from the game server.

Messages from game server to ggzd

LOG

Name

LOG — Log message from the game

Synopsis

LOG ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	LOG
Log message	string	hello world

Description

Log message from the game

Message Data

None

Usage

The game server can write out log messages to ggzd using this message. The text will then be written or ignored according to the ggzd configuration.

GAME_STATE**Name**

GAME_STATE — Request of game state change

Synopsis

GAME_STATE ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	GAME_STATE
Requested game state	GGZTableState (as char)	STATE_DONE

Description

Request of game state change

Message Data

None

Usage

Notifies about the game server's decision to change the state to the given one. All changes will be acknowledged by the server with a GAME_STATE response.

NUM_SEATS

Name

NUM_SEATS — Request of seat count change

Synopsis

NUM_SEATS ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	NUM_SEATS
Number of seats	int	12

Description

Request of seat count change

Message Data

None

Usage

While the initial number of seat can range between two and the maximum number of possible seats for the gametype in use, a game server can always resize its table afterwards using this message.

BOOT

Name

BOOT — Request of player/spectator boot

Synopsis

BOOT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	BOOT
Name of player to boot	string	player42

Description

Request of player/spectator boot

Message Data

None

Usage

The seat in question, which can be a player or a spectator seat, is emptied by booting the player or spectator occupying it.

BOT**Name**

BOT — Request to fill seat with bot player

Synopsis

BOT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	BOT
Number of seat to use for bot	int	2

Description

Request to fill seat with bot player

Message Data

None

Usage

The seat in question is occupied with a bot player, who will thus join the game.

OPEN

Name

OPEN — Request to open seat

Synopsis

OPEN ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	OPEN
Number of seat to open	int	3

Description

Request to open seat

Message Data

None

Usage

A seat either occupied by a bot or reserved for a player will be opened up again so another player or bot player can occupy it.

GAME_REPORT

Name

GAME_REPORT — Notification of game results

Synopsis

GAME_REPORT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	GAME_REPORT
Number of players/seats	int	5
ENTRYTBL not supported.		

Description

Notification of game results

Message Data

None

Usage

When the game has ended, the game results including player positions and highscores, as well as team information, is reported back to ggzd for storage in the database.

SAVEGAME_REPORT**Name**

SAVEGAME_REPORT — Notification of temporary savegame location

Synopsis

SAVEGAME_REPORT ...		
<i>Data</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Example</i>
Opcode	TableToControl	SAVEGAME_REPORT
Name of the savegame token	string	chess2005.pgn

Description

Notification of temporary savegame location

Message Data

None

Usage

A continuously game log or a final savegame can be reported to ggzd using this message. The naming is up to the game server, it might refer to a file or directory name. Note: The message GAME_REPORT will use this value to write it into the database.

Symbolic identifiers and their values

ControlToTable

Name

`ControlToTable` — Opcodes from GGZ server to the game server module

Synopsis

<i>Identifier</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
GAME_LAUNCH	0	message
GAME_SEAT	1	message
GAME_SPECTATOR_SEAT	2	message
GAME_RESEAT	3	message
GAME_STATE	4	response

Description

All opcodes are of type integer.

TableToControl

Name

`TableToControl` — Opcodes from game server modules to the GGZ server

Synopsis

<i>Identifier</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
LOG	0	message
GAME_STATE	1	request
NUM_SEATS	2	request
BOOT	3	request
BOT	4	request
OPEN	5	request
GAME_REPORT	6	message
SAVEGAME_REPORT	7	message

Description

All opcodes are of type integer.

GGZSeatType**Name**

`GGZSeatType` — Possible seat assignments for a table

Synopsis

<i>Identifier</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
GGZ_SEAT_NONE	0	Not initialized yet (invalid)
GGZ_SEAT_OPEN	1	Initialized to open, will be filled later
GGZ_SEAT_BOT	2	Internal or external AI player
GGZ_SEAT_PLAYER	3	Human player
GGZ_SEAT_RESERVED	4	Reserved for AI or human player of a certain name

Description

All seat types are of type integer.

GGZTableState (GGZdModState)**Name**

`GGZTableState (GGZdModState)` — Possible game states for a table

Synopsis

<i>Identifier</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Description</i>
STATE_CREATED	0	...
STATE_WAITING	1	...
STATE_PLAYING	2	...
STATE_DONE	3	...

Description

All states are of type integer.